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General Certificate of Education June 2007 Advanced Subsidiary Examination



MM1B

MATHEMATICS Unit Mechanics 1B

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Tuesday 5 June 2007 1.30 pm to 3.00 pm

For this paper you must have:

- an 8-page answer book
- the **blue** AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables.

You may use a graphics calculator.

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The *Examining Body* for this paper is AQA. The *Paper Reference* is MM1B.
- Answer all questions.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
- The **final** answer to questions requiring the use of calculators should be given to three significant figures, unless stated otherwise.
- Take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$, unless stated otherwise.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- Unit Mechanics 1B has a written paper only.

Advice

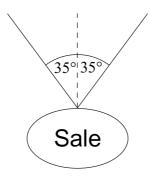
• Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.

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Answer all questions.

- 1 A ball is released from rest at a height h metres above ground level. The ball hits the ground 1.5 seconds after it is released. Assume that the ball is a particle that does not experience any air resistance.
 - (a) Show that the speed of the ball is $14.7 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}$ when it hits the ground. (2 marks)
 - (b) Find h. (2 marks)
 - (c) Find the distance that the ball has fallen when its speed is $5 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}$. (3 marks)
- 2 Two particles, A and B, are moving on a smooth horizontal surface. Particle A has mass $2 \log A$ and velocity $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \text{m s}^{-1}$. Particle B has mass $3 \log A$ and velocity $\begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{m s}^{-1}$. The two particles collide, and they coalesce during the collision.
 - (a) Find the velocity of the combined particles after the collision. (3 marks)
 - (b) Find the speed of the combined particles after the collision. (2 marks)
- 3 A sign, of mass 2 kg, is suspended from the ceiling of a supermarket by two light strings. It hangs in equilibrium with each string making an angle of 35° to the vertical, as shown in the diagram. Model the sign as a particle.

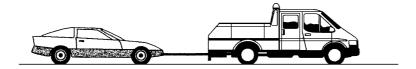


- (a) By resolving forces horizontally, show that the tension is the same in each string.

 (2 marks)
- (b) Find the tension in each string. (5 marks)
- (c) If the tension in a string exceeds 40 N, the string will break. Find the mass of the heaviest sign that could be suspended as shown in the diagram. (3 marks)

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4 A car, of mass $1200\,\mathrm{kg}$, is connected by a tow rope to a truck, of mass $2800\,\mathrm{kg}$. The truck tows the car in a straight line along a horizontal road. Assume that the tow rope is horizontal. A horizontal driving force of magnitude $3000\,\mathrm{N}$ acts on the truck. A horizontal resistance force of magnitude $800\,\mathrm{N}$ acts on the car. The car and truck accelerate at $0.4\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-2}}$.



(a) Find the tension in the tow rope.

(3 marks)

- (b) Show that the magnitude of the horizontal resistance force acting on the truck is 600 N.

 (4 marks)
- (c) In fact, the tow rope is **not** horizontal. Assume that the resistance forces and the driving force are unchanged.

Is the tension in the tow rope greater or less than in part (a)?

Explain why. (2 marks)

- 5 An aeroplane flies in air that is moving due east at a speed of $V \, \mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}$. The velocity of the aeroplane relative to the air is $150 \, \mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}$ due north. The aeroplane actually travels on a bearing of 030° .
 - (a) Show that $V = 86.6 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}$, correct to three significant figures.

(2 marks)

(b) Find the magnitude of the resultant velocity of the aeroplane.

(3 marks)

Turn over for the next question

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- 6 A box, of mass 3 kg, is placed on a slope inclined at an angle of 30° to the horizontal. The box slides down the slope. Assume that air resistance can be ignored.
 - (a) A simple model assumes that the slope is smooth.

(i) Draw a diagram to show the forces acting on the box. (1 mark)

(ii) Show that the acceleration of the box is $4.9 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-2}}$. (2 marks)

(b) A revised model assumes that the slope is rough. The box slides down the slope from rest, travelling 5 metres in 2 seconds.

(i) Show that the acceleration of the box is $2.5 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-2}}$. (2 marks)

- (ii) Find the magnitude of the friction force acting on the box. (3 marks)
- (iii) Find the coefficient of friction between the box and the slope. (5 marks)
- (iv) In reality, air resistance affects the motion of the box. Explain how its acceleration would change if you took this into account. (2 marks)
- 7 An arrow is fired from a point A with a velocity of $25 \,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$, at an angle of 40° above the horizontal. The arrow hits a target at the point B which is at the same level as the point A, as shown in the diagram.



- (a) State **two** assumptions that you should make in order to model the motion of the arrow. (2 marks)
- (b) Show that the time that it takes for the arrow to travel from A to B is 3.28 seconds, correct to three significant figures. (4 marks)

(c) Find the distance between the points A and B. (2 marks)

- (d) State the magnitude and direction of the velocity of the arrow when it hits the target.

 (2 marks)
- (e) Find the minimum speed of the arrow during its flight. (2 marks)

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(1 mark)

- 8 A boat is initially at the origin, heading due east at $5 \,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$. It then experiences a constant acceleration of $(-0.2\mathbf{i} + 0.25\mathbf{j})\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-2}}$. The unit vectors \mathbf{i} and \mathbf{j} are directed east and north respectively.
 - (a) State the initial velocity of the boat as a vector.
 - (b) Find an expression for the velocity of the boat t seconds after it has started to accelerate. (2 marks)
 - (c) Find the value of t when the boat is travelling due north. (3 marks)
 - (d) Find the bearing of the boat from the origin when the boat is travelling due north.

 (6 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS

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